# EHFCN WEBINAR



### Corruption: what's happening around the world?

#### Short description

The Corruption Perceptions Index (CPI) from Transparency International ranks 180 countries and territories around the world by their perceived levels of public sector corruption. The results are given on a scale of 0 (highly corrupt) to 100 (very clean).

Despite multiple commitments, 131 countries have made no significant progress against corruption in the last decade and in 2021, the global COVID-19 pandemic has also been used in many countries as an excuse to curtail basic freedoms and side-step important checks and balances.

Check out the latest corruption wins, scandals and predictions for each region of the world.

#### Defined goals

- Presentation of the Corruption Perceptions Index and the Global Corruption Barometer EU of Transparency International (approx. 40 minutes)
- Interaction with participants (approx. 20 minutes)

After the webinar, the presentation (PPT & video) will be available on the Webinar Platform.

#### Contact details for more information

This webinar is an initiative of EHFCN, with the collaboration of Transparency International.

• <u>Transparency International</u> is the global civil society organization leading the fight against corruption for more than 25 years.

#### Contact persons

Roberto Martinez B. Kukutschka: <u>rkukutschka@transparency.org</u>

## EHFCN WEBINAR



### Corruption: what's happening around the world?

#### Speaker

 Roberto Martinez B. Kukutschka is from Mexico and Germany. He is Transparency International's Research Expert on corruption measurement tools.
Before joining Transparency International, Roberto worked as a Research Associate for the European Research Centre for Anti-Corruption and State-Building, where he researched issues related to crony capitalism and developed several measurements of corruption. Prior to this, Roberto served as the Head of the Anti-Corruption

Department at the Mexican Tax Administration Service, where he was responsible for overseeing the enforcement and implementation of the OECD's anti-bribery convention and the UNCAC. He has a PhD in Governance and an MA in Public Policy from the Hertie School of Governance in Berlin.

